UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI NORTHERN DIVISION

GOOGLE, INC. PLAINTIFF

VS. CIVIL NO. 3:14cv00981HTW-LRA

JIM HOOD, ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, IN HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY

DEFENDANT

RULING ON MOTION FOR TRO

BEFORE THE HONORABLE HENRY T. WINGATE
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
MARCH 2, 2015
JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFF: MR. FRED KRUTZ III

MR. PETER NEIMAN
MR. BLAKE ROBERTS
MR. DANIEL MULHOLLAND

FOR THE DEFENDANT: MR. DOUG MIRACLE

MR. BLAKE BEE
MS. MARY JO WOODS
MS. BRIDGETTE WIGGINS
MR. HAROLD PIZZETTA

REPORTED BY: CHERIE GALLASPY BOND

Registered Merit Reporter Mississippi CSR #1012

245 E. Capitol Street, Room 120 Jackson, Mississippi 39201 (601) 965-4410 THE COURT: Good morning. This is Google v. General Hood, Attorney General for the State of Mississippi in his Official Capacity, number 3:14cv981HTW-LRA.

Now, with regard to the issues here before the court to be addressed this morning, have the parties reached any agreement with regard to any of these matters? Let me start off with Google.

MR. NEIMAN: No, we have not.

MR. MIRACLE: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Then before this court is a motion for a temporary restraining order and the preliminary injunction to enjoin the Attorney General for the State of Mississippi from enforcing the administrative subpoena and subpoena duces tecum issued by the Attorney General and served on Google on October 27, 2014.

This concerns a bringing possibly of a civil or criminal charge against Google under Mississippi law for making accessible third-party content to Internet users, which is what is threatened here. The grounds for the motions are adequately and detailedly set out in the memorandum of law submitted by Google. The Attorney General resists the motion and has filed its detailed motion explaining its opposition to the motion.

The court has determined that it has jurisdiction to render a decision on this matter. The parties have quarreled whether this court actually has subject matter jurisdiction,

whether the matter should be referred to state court, et cetera. But the court has reviewed all the arguments, and the court has determined that it indeed does have subject matter jurisdiction.

With regard to the motion itself, the court has reviewed the offerings of this motion under requisite standards that govern injunctive relief. Canal authority many years ago set out these precise measurements for the court to seek guidance, and those four factors are well known to the parties here: Likelihood of success, irreparable harm, the balance of harm to the public, or the harm that could be visited on the parties involved with issuance of the injunction.

The court has applied these standards to this matter as well as the precepts contained within the Communications

Decency Act of 1996, the CDA. The court has looked at the

Copyright Act as well as the Digital Millennium Copyright Act,

the Food, Drugs and Cosmetics Act, the First and

Fourteenth Amendment, and the Fourth Amendment. All of these

matters have been submitted to the court by Google as a basis

of the issuance of an injunction.

The court has reviewed all of these matters under both the arguments submitted by Google as well as the contest to these arguments submitted by the Attorney General. The court is persuaded to grant the injunction. The injunction will not visit any harm upon the Attorney General during the time period

here since there will be a short period for the running of the injunction. The court intends to address this matter in a rapid fashion with a short discovery period. Moreover, the court feels that at this junction, Google has the better part of the argument on the reach of the Communications Decency Act of 1996.

This is not to say this would be the court's ultimate finding; but at this stage of the proceedings, the court is persuaded that Google has the better part of the legal arguments on these matters, certainly enough for the court to issue injunctive relief at this stage. Of course, the parties all recognize that the fact that the court is issuing an injunction does not mean that the court has reached a final determination with regard to the issues in the case but that the court is simply determined to maintain this status quo until all discovery is done and until the parties are ready and the final analysis to submit whatever evidence they wish to submit on the motion or to submit their refined argument on the matter or combination of both.

So then the court is persuaded to issue the injunction. Furthermore, the court is persuaded that this is not a matter that requires security because the issue here is going to be timely addressed, and the court sees no need for addition of security. That is the ruling of the court.

Now, then, the written opinion which will embrace all

1 of these matters will be published within the next ten days. It is a long opinion taking into account all the arguments that 2 3 the parties have submitted, and that matter will be filed within ten days of the date of today. 4 5 Now, finally, the court would like to have -- would like to carve out a schedule for the continuation of these 6 7 matters. Let me start with the plaintiff. Have you contemplated a schedule for the address of all issues that are 8 9 here present? 10 MR. NEIMAN: We have, Your Honor. What I would 11 suggest is we have a targeted amount of discovery that we would 12 want to take of the Attorney General's office and certain third 13 parties. So we have targeted discovery, Your Honor, that we 14 would want to take of the Attorney General and certain third 15 parties, and we would think it would make sense to be ready for 16 summary judgment motions within I would say 90 days. 17 THE COURT: Ninety days. So how much time do you want 18 for discovery? That sounds more like 60 days so that you can 19 file your brief and have it before the court in 90 days. 20 MR. NEIMAN: Yes, your honor. 21 THE COURT: Discovery, 60 days. And then let me turn 22 to the other side. Is 60 days of discovery okay with you? 23 MR. MIRACLE: Your Honor, 90 days for discovery, which 24 would also include resolving discovery-related issues that may

or may not arise. So I'd like to make sure we have adequate

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     time to do that. And if there are objections to discovery, you
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     know, 60 days may not be an adequate amount of time. So 90
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     days for discovery and then briefing thereafter.
              THE COURT: So then would you be -- counsel, would you
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     be satisfied with 90 days discovery and then dispositive
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     motions to be fully briefed 120 days from now?
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              MR. MIRACLE: Yes, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: That would be 30 days thereafter you have
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     completed discovery?
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              MR. MIRACLE: Yes, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: All right. Let me go back -- thank you.
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     Let me go back to Google. Is that all right with you?
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              MR. NEIMAN: It is, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Now, this discovery that you would like to
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     address -- and you said that you would like to take some
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     depositions?
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              MR. NEIMAN: I think it's a combination of document
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     discovery and then perhaps some depositions as well.
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              THE COURT: Have you spoken with the other side with
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     regard to specific people who might be the target of such
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     discovery?
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              MR. NEIMAN: No. But we're happy to sit down with
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     them and try to work this out cooperatively and bring any
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     issues that come up to your attention.
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              THE COURT: And how many people would you wish to
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     depose?
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              MR. NEIMAN: It is going to depend a little bit on
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     what we see in documents, but I don't think it is going to be a
     long list of people.
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              THE COURT: Let me talk to you about the documents
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            And you are going to request certain documents?
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              MR. NEIMAN: Yes, I think the discovery we would seek
     would be primarily on our retaliation claims where we're making
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     arguments about what the motives were of the Attorney General's
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     office, and that will require targeted document discovery.
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              THE COURT: How much time do you need to submit your
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     discovery request on these particular matters?
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              MR. NEIMAN: Some of these discovery requests are
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     already pending -- Your Honor, we made serious requests to the
     Attorney General's office prior to the hearing on the
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     preliminary injunction motion. So there are already some
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     requests pending which the Attorney General has objected to as
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     premature at the time we made them, but perhaps that obstacle
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     was removed. We want to go back and review and see if we have
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     other requests on top of that. But I don't see any reason why
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     we couldn't have our document request to them within two weeks.
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              THE COURT: Within two weeks?
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              MR. NEIMAN: Yes.
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              THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
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              MR. NEIMAN: Just to be clear, I think we will also
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1 anticipate some third-party subpoenas as well. 2 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Now let me go back 3 to the defendant. Do you intend to submit discovery requests to the plaintiff? 4 MR. MIRACLE: Yes, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: And do you intend to take depositions? 6 7 MR. MIRACLE: I think it is going to depend on the documents. I think it is going to be primarily 8 9 document-related discovery, and I think as Mr. Nieman has 10 pointed out, I think it would be limited in terms of the number 11 of depositions at this point, very limited. Primarily document 12 requests and interrogatories. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Then this is how we will proceed 14 then, that the court will allow 90 days discovery. At the end of the discovery period, the respective parties will file 15 16 motions for summary judgment no later than 30 days after the 17 close of discovery. The court will then have oral arguments on 18 those matters and proceed with the remainder of the case. 19 Now, ordinarily when the court crafts a scheduling 20 order, the court resorts to -- well, might add a time period 21 for designation of experts, et cetera. Do you all see the need 22 for that? 23 MR. NEIMAN: I don't anticipate that, Your Honor. I'm 24 always hesitant to rule something out, but I suppose we can

come to you if we think that is necessary. I don't think it is

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     necessary to include it in the schedule at this time.
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              MR. MIRACLE: I would concur with that statement.
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              THE COURT: Would you like to have the scheduling
     order provide a time period as deadline for designation of any
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     expert?
              MR. NEIMAN: I do think that would be useful because
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     that will force the parties to crystallize their thinking on it
     by a particular time.
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              THE COURT: Then I'll give you 30 days to designate
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               That then will leave us enough time to submit expert
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     reports to the opposing side and enough time to depose the
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     experts if either side wishes to do so.
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              MR. KRUTZ: Your Honor, may I ask a question?
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              THE COURT:
                          U-huh.
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              MR. KRUTZ: The time period that you had discussed,
     are those starting today or from the date of your order within
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     the next ten days?
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              THE COURT: Let's start it from the date of the order.
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     From the date of the order. The scheduling order provides an
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     opportunity for an amendment of the complaint and for the
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     addition of extra parties. Is there any need for the
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     scheduling order to include these matters?
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              MR. NEIMAN: I don't anticipate an amendment, but I
     think it would make sense to have a deadline for that as well
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     so that we'll have it covered by the schedule.
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              THE COURT: I'll allow 30 days for that too.
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              MR. NEIMAN: I notice the Attorney General hasn't
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     answered the complaint.
              THE COURT: All right. Let me turn to the Attorney
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     General. Yes?
              MR. MIRACLE: I think we'd like 14 days to file our
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     answer.
              THE COURT: 14 days from now or 14 days from the date
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     of the opinion?
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              MR. MIRACLE: Yes, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: 14 days.
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              MR. NEIMAN: And, Judge, it just occurs to me that the
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     date for our document requests probably should fall after their
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     answer is filed because there may be things in their answer
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     that we would want to inquire about. So we had originally
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     thought we would have our -- additional document request within
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     14 days. Given the schedule for their answer, I would say 21
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     days is probably more realistic.
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              THE COURT: Twenty-one days from what, now?
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              MR. NEIMAN: From the date of the order.
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              THE COURT: Are there any other matters that need to
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     be in the scheduling order? Over here?
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              MR. NEIMAN: I don't think so, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Over here?
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              MR. MIRACLE: No.
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THE COURT: Any other matters I need to take up at
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     this point over here?
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              MR. NEIMAN: We do not.
              THE COURT: Over here?
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              MR. MIRACLE: No, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Counsel, thank you so much. You all can
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     be excused.
         (Hearing Concluded)
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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER I, CHERIE GALLASPY BOND, Official Court Reporter, United States District Court, Southern District of Mississippi, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing pages contain a full, true and correct transcript of the proceedings had in the aforenamed case at the time and place indicated, which proceedings were recorded by me to the best of my skill and ability. I certify that the transcript fees and format comply with those prescribed by the Court and Judicial Conference of the United States. This the 2nd day of March, 2015. s/ Cherie G. Bond Cherie G. Bond Court Reporter